

# Vitamin and Supplement Advisor

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**Abstract**—Due to increased demand for the need for bespoke health solutions, a custom-made vitamin and supplement advisor utilizing machine learning was designed. Based on age, gender, prevailing health conditions, dietary preference, and lifestyle characteristics, this program analyzes an individual's health-related data and issues personalized recommendations through the use of real-time accuracy made possible by employing the XGBoost algorithm during data processing. With machine learning, the system improves health outcomes and preventive care. A proposed system is a web interface built with Flask, in which users input their data to receive recommendations in real time. Valuable insights about factors influencing recommendations also enhance users' understanding of their health needs. The advantages of this approach include improved health management, easy access to personalized advice, and the potential to reduce the risk of health issues through proactive supplementation.

**Keywords:** *Personalized Health, Machine Learning, Vitamin Recommendations, Supplement Advisor, User Data, Web Interface.*

## I. INTRODUCTION

The demand for customized health solutions has reshaped the face of healthcare services significantly. A rise in the number of health-conscious people, combined with increasing focus on preventive care, leads more and more people to seek customized health solutions that could effectively manage their health. The field of vitamins and supplements has become one area where this trend is taking a considerable boost. The global market for dietary supplements continues [1] to expand due to the growing awareness of the crucial role that vitamins and supplements play in maintaining overall health and preventing chronic conditions. However, with such an enormous variety of supplements available, and the different needs of each person, many face the challenge of making informed decisions about which vitamins and supplements to take. This is where the technology, in this case machine learning, comes to provide an intelligent data-driven solution.

Machine learning has revolutionized various fields to provide efficient ways of processing complex data and generating actionable insights. In health and wellness, for example, it can use machine learning algorithms [2] to analyze health data for individuals and provide tailored recommendations for each individual. Personalized health solutions are becoming increasingly important as they help users make more informed decisions, aligning health interventions with their unique biological and lifestyle factors. This can lead to better health outcomes, as the right supplementation can significantly impact a person's energy levels, immune system, and overall well-being.

The Customized Vitamins and Supplement Advisor concept will tap the potential of machine learning, processing user data, and suggesting the best vitamin and supplement recommendation for an individual. This system considers many aspects [3] of a person's life, including their age, gender, health conditions, dietary preferences, and lifestyle habits. These factors critically determine the nutritional needs of an individual, and the system has been designed to consider all of these in order to offer advice tailored to each individual's health profile. This can be possible by using a machine learning model such as XGBoost that excels at structured data handling and accurate prediction to recommend supplements for the individual user.

One of the significant challenges in this area is that there are literally thousands of different vitamins and supplements on the market, which all claim to have a different potential health benefit. This makes selection difficult. Moreover, every person reacts differently to their own body type to various types [4] of supplements; therefore, counseling needs to be individualized. Not many of the people would have an access to or afford a direct supplementation advice by a doctor or a nutritionist. This proposed system answers the problem stated above, in which the real-time solution could be accessed from the web, hence easily user-friendly and scalable to offer instant recommendation of supplementation upon the inputted health data from the users without having the necessity for technical skills or continuous advice from professionals.

Apart from making recommendations, the system explains why the choice was made. It might include factors such as age, health conditions, and dietary preferences. This gives added value because it educates the user about why certain vitamins or supplements [5] would be beneficial for them, which builds a better understanding of their health. The XGBoost model is trained on a large dataset of health and supplement information, thus enabling it to give reliable and scientifically grounded recommendations. Through this data-driven approach, the system ensures that users get accurate, individualized advice that can lead to better health outcomes.

The proposed system can help improve health outcomes by promoting preventive care. By recommending appropriate supplements tailored for the needs of an individual, the system helps users prevent deficiencies in nutrients and enhance their immune [6] system by reducing the possibilities of chronic diseases. Personalized advice on vitamins and supplements can maximize energy levels and help in psychological health, contributing to an increased quality of life. The system is also real-time and easy to use,

making it very efficient. Users can easily access recommendations without much hassle and in a timely manner.

This approach of personalized health recommendations through machine learning is innovative and scalable. As more data is gathered over time, the system can become even more accurate, adapting to new health trends and the evolving understanding of human nutrition. This long-term vision of this system will offer [7] a user-friendly, accessible, affordable, and reliable method by which an individual can take control of their health by receiving customized recommendations and insights. Its design makes it very amenable to public health applications; machine learning is one capability that the Customized Vitamins and Supplement Advisor possesses that has a tremendous impact on making individuals more proactive towards a healthier and better life.

This work is organized as Section II presenting a review of the literature survey. Section III describes the methodology, highlighting its key features and functionality. Section IV discusses the results, analysing the system's effectiveness. Lastly, Section V concludes with the main findings and explores future implications.

## II. LITERATURE SURVEY

The increased interest in personalized health solutions has led to remarkable improvements in this sector, particularly in the area of vitamins and supplements. Large studies are being conducted with regard to the use of machine learning for analyzing individual health data and making further more accurate and efficient supplement recommendations. Such systems use various algorithms to understand user profiles and add factors like age, gender, dietary habits, and health conditions for supplement suggestions. The results indicate that personalized recommendations can lead to better health outcomes by addressing specific nutrient deficiencies and optimizing overall well-being, reducing the trial-and-error approach commonly used in supplementation.

In recent years, machine learning techniques have proven to be effective in analyzing large datasets to provide personalized health solutions. These techniques can identify patterns in health and lifestyle factors, allowing systems to make accurate [8] recommendations. The use of XGBoost, Random Forest, and Support Vector Machines, among other algorithms, in making predictions as to the best supplement for the person according to the data entered has also been used. The approaches in question rely on models being trained on historical health data that capture the relations between different factors and how different supplements have worked to yield insights more specific than one-size-fits-all recommendations.

These are a number of challenges regarding how to individually and specifically manage the intake of supplementation based on individuals' different needs. Generally, acquiring such [9] advice for supplementation involves expensive doctor consultations and the hiring of a nutritionist, among others. Machine learning now comes to salvage the problem because it provides automatic services for immediate and data-based suggestions. These systems

can eliminate human error, provide more accurate guidance, and offer users the ability to make informed decisions quickly while making the process more accessible and efficient, especially for those without access to medical professionals.

The importance of feature selection and data preprocessing in machine learning applications is critical in improving the accuracy of predictions, especially in personalized health systems. Studies have thereby outlined the importance of effective [10] managing data like demographics and conditions related to medical and dietary preferences, etc. so that the machine learning model can produce reliable outputs. The pipeline thereby provides important techniques known as data cleaning and encoding, ensuring input data is appropriately formatted and normalized such that the model's performance may degrade for wrong recommendations. A focus on the above steps brings robustness to the system coupled with a considerable amount of accuracy.

Further in the applications area, it brings machine learning systems that recommend dietary supplements. This brings even more personalized nutrition by focusing based on genetic data. Some even allow the integration of other lifestyle and health parameters along with these genetic data. This integration [11] will allow for a better understanding of an individual's nutrient requirements, as genetic variations can influence how the body absorbs and metabolizes certain nutrients. Such systems hold the potential to improve supplementation accuracy by offering recommendations that are specifically suited to the genetic makeup of each user, providing an even more personalized experience for those seeking nutritional optimization.

Research in the integration of machine learning into health solutions has focused on the practicalities of creating user-friendly interfaces through which non-experts can interact with complex algorithms. The development of intuitive, web-based platforms that simplify the input of health data is crucial to the success [12] of personalized health systems. Such a platform should make it easy for users to enter their data, understand the recommendations, and gain insights into their health. The interface is easy to use, increases user engagement, makes it more accessible, and removes barriers to the adoption of personalized nutrition solutions, encouraging users to take proactive steps toward improving their health.

Many studies have been conducted to date on how users perceive and trust machine learning systems in the context of health recommendations. A personalized recommendation system's success depends not only on the accuracy of its predictions but [13] also on user trust and satisfaction. For example, transparency in decision-making processes and explanations of the decision-making process or how certain recommendations are made on the basis of feature importance do improve user trust. Moreover, an engaging experience and a focus on how reliable and based on science those recommendations are do increase user confidence in the system and encourage people to use the system more.

There is a significant amount of evidence regarding the use of artificial intelligence and machine learning in optimizing health care delivery, especially in relation to preventative care. AI-based [14] health recommendation systems, such as supplement-specific ones, are increasingly becoming essential tools for the prevention of deficiencies and general well-being. Machine learning can predict the possibility of nutrient gaps even before they translate into health issues, allowing proactive action. Studies show that they not only yield better health outcomes but help reduce healthcare expenditures by promoting prompt intervention and specialized treatment, before chronic conditions would even develop at all.

While developing personalized health systems, two of the biggest hindrances are actually the availability and quality of these diverse datasets used. Most present datasets are lacking in scope—they only describe a certain particular demographic or limited health [15] condition. To ensure that personalized recommendations can cater to a wide range of users, it is essential to gather comprehensive data that represents various age groups, ethnicities, and health conditions. Furthermore, data diversity is crucial for avoiding biases in recommendations, ensuring that all individuals, regardless of background, receive accurate and relevant advice. Collecting diverse, high-quality datasets will strengthen the reliability and scalability of these systems.

Though personalized nutrition recommendations are on the rise, many people remain skeptical about the possible risks and ethical implications of applying machine learning to health decisions. Privacy and security of data issues dominate the discussion [16], especially concerning the handling of sensitive health information. Researchers have repeatedly emphasized that tight data protection mechanisms must be established to ensure personal information safety for users. Additionally, ensuring that the algorithms used are fair and unbiased is critical for preventing any form of discrimination. Addressing these concerns transparently and effectively will be essential for gaining wider acceptance of machine learning-based health recommendation systems.

Another area of interest in personalized health systems is the role of real-time data analysis. There [17] are studies into how real-time health data that may feature daily diet tracking, general physical activity levels, or even sleep patterns may be integrated into recommendation engines with more dynamic, up-to-date advice. This enables systems to pick up or adapt to changes in an individual's health or behavior as soon as they happen, with continuous feedback and more timely recommendations. With the integration of real-time data analysis, personalized nutrition solutions become [18] even more effective. It is the advice that adapts with users' changing needs over time to provide continuous health optimization. There have been various studies on the long-term effects of personalized supplementation systems, focusing on their ability to enhance the efficacy of supplementation. Personalized advice would prevent overintake of particular supplements while at the same time ensure the fulfillment of specific nutritional needs. Balanced supplementation practices can,

therefore, prevent the effects of toxicity associated with excess intake while promoting sustainable healthy conducts. Focusing on specific needs based on an individual's unique health requirements [19], personalized systems ensure that supplement use is optimized in terms of both effectiveness and safety. This is an approach that encourages healthier relations with supplementation and, therefore, promotes long-term health sustainability.

Supplement suggestions can be refined and made even more relevant if a machine learning platform is integrated into user health monitoring devices, for example [20], through wearables or mobile health apps. Wearables report continuous data in regards to vital signs, physical activities, and patterns of sleep while providing real-time insights into one's health status. Further, machine learning algorithms can work with the data in unison with other health inputs, such as dietary preferences and medical history, to generate recommendations for supplements that are more accurate and timelier. This will make even more responsive and effective personalized health systems, guiding users with highly adaptive and relevant guidance.

### III. METHODOLOGY

The Customized Vitamins and Supplement Advisor work is for the development of a machine learning-based system that provides personalized recommendations for vitamins and supplements. This system uses user health data such as age, gender, health conditions, dietary preferences, and lifestyle habits to generate tailored advice. Leveraging the XGBoost algorithm in this system promises to make accurate recommendations in real time to enhance health outcomes and establish preventive care. This will help to make personalized health solutions more accessible. Users can manage their wellness in a convenient, data-driven manner, and thus be better equipped to make informed decisions about supplementation needs.

#### A. Collection of User Data

This first step will include collecting user data. These are some of the key personal details, including age, gender, health conditions, dietary preferences, and lifestyle habits. A user-friendly web form is developed for easy and accurate input. This module makes sure the data collected is thorough and relevant to giving each user a unique, personalized health recommendation. Mechanisms for data validation and preprocessing are also found in this module, thus ensuring that the input is clean, consistent, and ready for analysis. Therefore, this step is important for gathering the foundation needed for personalized supplement recommendations based on each user's specific health profile.

#### B. Data Preprocessing

Once the user data is collected, preprocessing is carried out to accommodate the machine learning model. Missing data is processed using imputation methods to ensure the dataset is complete and reliable. A categorical variable, like health conditions and dietary preferences, is converted into numerical values for processing. Numerical features are normalized for uniformity in data to prevent a single feature from dominating the model. These preprocessing steps ensure that the data is clean, standardized, and ready for use

in the XGBoost algorithm, enabling accurate and reliable predictions of personalized recommendations.

### C. Machine Learning Model Development (XGBoost)

The heart of the system is the XGBoost algorithm, a powerful machine learning model known for its ability to handle large and complex datasets. The model trains on historical or synthetic data that involves health-related features and corresponding supplement advice. Parameters of the XGBoost algorithm, such as `max_depth`, `learning_rate`, and `n_estimators`, are hyper-optimized to better improve performance and prediction accuracy. The model further generates feature importance scores, giving insight into the factors most affecting the recommendations. This step is crucial in making sure the system provides accurate, personalized, and data-driven vitamin and supplement advice.

### D. Prediction Generation

This model is now used to make real-time predictions for new users based on their health data after training the XGBoost model. When a user inputs his or her information, the model will process the data and predict the most appropriate vitamins and supplements for the user. This step ensures that every user receives specific, actionable recommendations based on their unique profile. The XGBoost model identifies data patterns and uses these insights to suggest the best product that would be supportive for health, allowing the system to provide highly accurate and personalized advice at real-time.

### E. Web Interface Development

A significant aspect of the system is creating a web interface with the help of Flask framework. This interface is designed to provide a simple and intuitive platform for users to enter their health data and receive personalized recommendations. The interface allows users to fill out a form with their details, which is then processed by the machine learning backend. Once the recommendations are generated, the interface displays them clearly, along with relevant health tips and explanations. Accessibility and ease of use are what the design takes care of in order to allow users with any technical background to use the system effectively.

### F. Output and Health Tips

The output module presents vitamin and supplement personal recommendations in a clear and understandable format to allow users to interpret advice easily. Additional health tips are also provided to a user based on input; along with those suggestions, the system offers explanations derived from the feature importance scores, reasons why a particular recommendation is being made, which helps both in gaining trust and empowering users to make healthy decisions. The clear output of the system allows the users to follow the advices it gives them with full confidence for better management.

### G. System Testing and Evaluation

After the development of the system, rigorous tests are performed on the system to ascertain its functionality, accuracy as well as user-friendliness. The performance of

the machine learning model is assessed in terms of accurate prediction and meaningful recommendation. The usability of the web interface is checked to ensure that users can easily input their data and receive clear, actionable advice. Feedback from users is solicited and any issues addressed to optimize the system to its best. This is an evaluation activity very vital in streamlining the system to suit the needs and expectations of the users appropriately.

### H. Deployment

After passing all the testing procedures, the system is deployed for public use. The web interface is hosted on a secure server; this allows the user to access the system through a web browser. Continuous monitoring of the system would ensure that it works quite smoothly and efficiently. All changes or improvements are done based on continuous and constant user feedback, as well as emerging trends in health data. Deployment is the transition from development to real-world use, where users can start benefiting from personalized vitamin and supplement recommendations. The system remains adaptive, with room for future enhancements based on new insights and user needs.

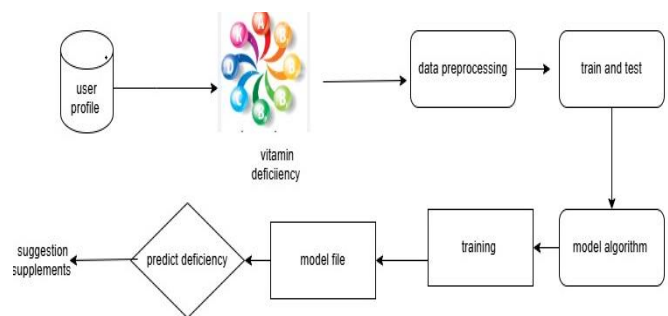


Fig. 1: Block Diagram

## IV. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The outcome of the "Customized Vitamins and Supplement Advisor" work is a machine learning-based system generating vitamin and supplement recommendations based on the individual data from users. Upon its full development and deployment, the user can then enter his or her health data via an easy-to-use web interface. Then, the system, using the XGBoost algorithm, can generate real-time tailored advice. Recommendations are highly specific to each user based on age, gender, health conditions, dietary preferences, and lifestyle habits. The ability to generate these personalized recommendations is the core outcome of this work, which enables users to receive precise guidance on supplements that align with their unique health profiles. The analysis of the system's performance focuses on the accuracy of the recommendations generated by the machine learning model.

The XGBoost algorithm, trained on historical or synthetic data, shows the capability to find patterns and correlations within the user's data, making it possible to predict the most suitable vitamins and supplements for an individual. Among the most significant features of the system is the feature importance scores, which allows for transparency regarding which factors play a critical role in

determining the recommendations. These scores give the users an explanation of why specific recommendations are being made, building trust in the system's accuracy and data-driven approach. The other important result of the work is the user interface. With Flask, the web interface has been provided to make it an easy-to-use interactive platform, which enables the user to enter his health information without any technical knowledge. This interface allows users with diverse backgrounds to use the system efficiently, with no inconvenience in using it.

Once generated, recommendations are clear and understandable, accompanied by health tips that will further assist the user in enhancing their health. This part of the work is very important as it ensures not only that advice given to users is correct but also that the user knows what to do with that advice. The success of the system is also measured by its ability to improve health outcomes through personalized recommendations. By considering the individual's health data, the system ensures that users are guided toward supplements that meet their specific needs. Over time, this system could potentially help reduce health risks by encouraging preventive care through proper supplementation.

Monitoring and evaluation of the system after its deployment are vital to its long-term success. System performance and user feedback are reviewed continuously for improvement and refinement of the recommendations. The Customized Vitamins and Supplement Advisor is an advancement in personal health solutions where machine learning offers real-time customized advice. Its accuracy, user-friendly interface, and ability to give actionable health recommendations make it valuable in improving health outcomes. As the system progresses, it has the potential to make preventive healthcare better by offering individualized advice that is trusted by users. This work therefore takes the best from machine learning to power health management and increase well-being at the individual level.

## V. CONCLUSION

The work perfectly exhibits the capacity of machine learning in personalizing healthcare delivery. Since it makes use of the XGBoost algorithm, it can make precise real-time recommendations, as dictated by unique health data related to the user. These considerations will therefore encompass the specifics in a particular recommendation by integrating age, gender, conditions related to health, and even habits about lifestyles of users. The work not only demonstrates the capabilities of machine learning in making health decisions based on data but also underlines accessibility. The web interface developed will allow users from different walks of life to input their data and receive actionable advice with ease, thus empowering them to be in control of their health for better well-being and preventive care.

Furthermore, feature importance scores add more transparency to the system, providing the user with the factors influencing his or her recommendations. This enhances the trust that the user has in the system and prompts him or her to make an informed decision regarding

supplementation needs. The delivery of timely, personalized recommendations can also lead to improved health outcomes for those looking to optimize their wellness and prevent future health issues. Although the system is still in its infancy, its scalability and applicability in real-world settings are promising. Continuous improvements based on user feedback and data-driven insights will further refine the model and make it more effective. Overall, this study promises a bright future for personalized health solutions powered by machine learning, potentially improving individual health outcomes and encouraging a more proactive approach to wellness.

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